



Safety Data Sheet

Cat. # RC-038

Citric Acid (free acid), ACS Grade

Size: 500g





citric acid

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according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Date of issue: 12/03/2015

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Version: 7.1

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Identification

Product form	: Substance
Substance name	: citric acid
Chemical name	: Citric Acid (free acid), ACS Grade
CAS-No.	: 77-92-9
Product code	: 210C
Formula	: C6H8O7
Synonyms	: 1,2,3-propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy- / 1,2,3-propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy-, anhydrous / 2-hydroxy-1,2,3-propanetricarboxylic acid / 2-hydroxy-1,2,3-propanetricarboxylic acid / 2-hydroxy-1,2,3-propanetricarboxylic acid, anhydrous / aciletten / anhydrous citric acid / beta-hydroxytricarballic acid / beta-hydroxytricarballic acid, anhydrous / beta-hydroxytricarboxylic acid / citretten / citric acid / citric acid anhydrous fine granular 16/40 / citric acid anhydrous granular / citric acid anhydrous granular 5N / citric acid anhydrous medium granular / citric acid anhydrous powder / citro / citroenzuur, anhydraat / E 330 / E330 / FEMA no 2306 / hydroxytricarballic acid / MC-1, acidic membrane cleaner / NSC 30279
BIG No	: 10299

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture	: Food industry: additive Pharmaceutical product: raw material Chemical intermediate Laboratory chemical
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1.3. Supplier

Geno Technology, Inc./ G-Biosciences
9800 Page Avenue
Saint Louis, 63132-1429 - United States
T 800-628-7730 - F 314-991-1504
technical@GBiosciences.com - www.GBiosciences.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number	: Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 (USA/Canada), +1-703-527-3887 (Intl)
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SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS US classification

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2 H319 Causes serious eye irritation

Full text of H statements : see section 16

2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US)



Signal word (GHS US)	: Warning
Hazard statements (GHS US)	: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation
Precautionary statements (GHS US)	: P264 - Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling. P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

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SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Substance type : Mono-constituent

Name	Common Name (Synonyms)	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
citric acid (Main constituent)	1,2,3-propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy- / 1,2,3-propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy-, anhydrous / 2-hydroxy-1,2,3-propanetricarboxylic acid / 2-hydroxy-1,2,3-propanetricarboxylic acid / 2-hydroxy-1,2,3-propanetricarboxylic acid, anhydrous / aciletten / anhydrous citric acid / beta-hydroxytricarballic acid / beta-hydroxytricarballic acid, anhydrous / beta-hydroxytricarboxylic acid / citretten / citric acid / citric acid anhydrous fine granular 16/40 / citric acid anhydrous granular / citric acid anhydrous granular 5N / citric acid anhydrous medium granular / citric acid anhydrous powder / citro / citroenzuur, anhydraat / E 330 / E330 / FEMA no 2306 / hydroxytricarballic acid / MC-1, acidic membrane cleaner / NSC 30279	(CAS-No.) 77-92-9	100	Eye Irrit. 2, H319

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general	: Check the vital functions. Unconscious: maintain adequate airway and respiration. Respiratory arrest: artificial respiration or oxygen. Cardiac arrest: perform resuscitation. Victim conscious with laboured breathing: half-seated. Victim in shock: on his back with legs slightly raised. Vomiting: prevent asphyxia/aspiration pneumonia. Prevent cooling by covering the victim (no warming up). Keep watching the victim. Give psychological aid. Keep the victim calm, avoid physical strain. Depending on the victim's condition: doctor/hospital.
First-aid measures after inhalation	: Remove the victim into fresh air. Respiratory problems: consult a doctor/medical service.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Rinse with water. Soap may be used. Do not apply (chemical) neutralizing agents without medical advice. Take victim to a doctor if irritation persists.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Do not apply (chemical) neutralizing agents without medical advice. Take victim to an ophthalmologist if irritation persists.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Rinse mouth with water. Do not apply (chemical) neutralizing agents without medical advice. Immediately after ingestion: give lots of water to drink. Call Poison Information Centre (www.big.be/antigif.htm). Consult a doctor/medical service if you feel unwell. Ingestion of large quantities: immediately to hospital.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Practically non-toxic if swallowed (LD50 oral, rat > 2000 mg/kg). Practically non-toxic in contact with skin (LD50 skin > 2000 mg/kg). Slightly irritant to skin. Causes serious eye irritation.
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: AFTER INHALATION OF DUST/MIST: Dry/sore throat. Coughing.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Slight irritation.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Irritation of the eye tissue.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: AFTER INGESTION OF HIGH QUANTITIES: Abdominal pain. Vomiting. Diarrhoea.
Chronic symptoms	: Affection/discolouration of the teeth.

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Quick-acting ABC powder extinguisher. Class A foam extinguisher. Water (quick-acting extinguisher, reel). Water. Class A foam.

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Unsuitable extinguishing media : Quick-acting BC powder extinguisher. Quick-acting CO2 extinguisher.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard : DIRECT FIRE HAZARD: Not easily combustible. In finely divided state: increased fire hazard. INDIRECT FIRE HAZARD: Heating increases the fire hazard. Reactions involving a fire hazard: see "Reactivity Hazard".

Explosion hazard : DIRECT EXPLOSION HAZARD: Fine dust is explosive with air. INDIRECT EXPLOSION HAZARD: Dust cloud can be ignited by a spark. Reactions with explosion hazards: see "Reactivity Hazard".

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Precautionary measures fire : Exposure to fire/heat: keep upwind. Exposure to fire/heat: have neighbourhood close doors and windows.

Firefighting instructions : Cool tanks/drums with water spray/remove them into safety.

Protection during firefighting : Heat/fire exposure: compressed air/oxygen apparatus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Gloves. Safety glasses. Protective clothing. Dust cloud production: compressed air/oxygen apparatus.

Emergency procedures : Mark the danger area. Prevent dust cloud formation, e.g. by wetting. No naked flames. Wash contaminated clothes.

Measures in case of dust release : In case of dust production: keep upwind. Dust production: have neighbourhood close doors and windows. In case of dust production: stop engines and no smoking. In case of dust production: no naked flames or sparks. Dust: spark-/explosionproof appliances/lighting equipment.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Contain released product, pump into suitable containers. Plug the leak, cut off the supply. Knock down/dilute dust cloud with water spray. Powdered form: no compressed air for pumping over spills.

Methods for cleaning up : Prevent dust cloud formation. Scoop solid spill into closing containers. Powdered: do not use compressed air for pumping over spills. Clean contaminated surfaces with an excess of water. Wash clothing and equipment after handling.

Other information : Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Avoid raising dust. Use earthed equipment. Keep away from naked flames/heat. In finely divided state: use spark-/explosionproof appliances. Finely divided: keep away from ignition sources/sparks. Carry operations in the open/under local exhaust/ventilation or with respiratory protection. Comply with the legal requirements. Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Clean contaminated clothing. Thoroughly clean/dry the installation before use. Powdered form: no compressed air for pumping over. Keep container tightly closed.

Hygiene measures : Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Storage temperature : 5 - 30 °C

Heat-ignition : KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: heat sources. ignition sources.

Information on mixed storage : KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: oxidizing agents. reducing agents. (strong) bases. water/moisture.

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Storage area	: Store in a dry area. Keep container in a well-ventilated place. Store at ambient temperature. Keep only in the original container. Meet the legal requirements.
Special rules on packaging	: SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS: closing. watertight. dry. clean. correctly labelled. meet the legal requirements. Secure fragile packagings in solid containers.
Packaging materials	: SUITABLE MATERIAL: stainless steel. polyethylene. polypropylene. MATERIAL TO AVOID: aluminium. copper. zinc. bronze. iron.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

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No additional information available

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls	: Ensure good ventilation of the work station.
Environmental exposure controls	: Avoid release to the environment.

8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Materials for protective clothing:

GIVE EXCELLENT RESISTANCE: butyl rubber. natural rubber. neoprene. PVC. nitrile rubber. viton. GIVE GOOD RESISTANCE: polyethylene.
GIVE POOR RESISTANCE: PVA

Hand protection:

Protective gloves against chemicals (EN374)

Eye protection:

Safety glasses

Skin and body protection:

Protective clothing

Respiratory protection:

Dust production: dust mask with filter type P1

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Solid
Appearance	: Crystalline solid. Crystalline powder. Granular powder. Powder.
Color	: Colourless to white
Odor	: Odourless
Odor threshold	: No data available
pH	: No data available
Melting point	: 153 °C
Freezing point	: Not applicable
Boiling point	: Not applicable (decomposes)
Flash point	: Not applicable
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Non flammable.
Vapor pressure	: 0.000000022 hPa (25 °C)
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: Not applicable
Relative density	: 1.67 (20 °C)
Specific gravity / density	: 1670 kg/m ³ (20 °C)
Molecular mass	: 192.13 g/mol

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Solubility	: Soluble in water. Soluble in ethanol. Soluble in ethylacetate. Soluble in pentanol. Soluble in pentylacetate. Water: 59.2 g/100ml (20 °C) Ethanol: 62 g/100ml
Log Pow	: -1.8 - -1.55 (Experimental value)
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not applicable
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: 3.892 mm ² /s
Viscosity, dynamic	: 6.5 mPa·s (25 °C, 50 %)
Explosion limits	: Not applicable
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidizing properties	: No data available

9.2. Other information

VOC content	: 0 %
Other properties	: Translucent. Hygroscopic. Acid reaction.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reacts violently with (strong) oxidizers: (increased) risk of fire. Reacts with (strong) reducers. Reacts exothermically with (some) bases: (increased) risk of fire.

10.2. Chemical stability

Hygroscopic.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

10.5. Incompatible materials

No additional information available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral)	: Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal)	: Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	: Not classified

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LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight (OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity, 24 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Dermal, 14 day(s))
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified
Viscosity, kinematic	: 3.892 mm ² /s
Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Practically non-toxic if swallowed (LD50 oral, rat > 2000 mg/kg). Practically non-toxic in contact with skin (LD50 skin > 2000 mg/kg). Slightly irritant to skin. Causes serious eye irritation.

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Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: AFTER INHALATION OF DUST/MIST: Dry/sore throat. Coughing.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Slight irritation.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Irritation of the eye tissue.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: AFTER INGESTION OF HIGH QUANTITIES: Abdominal pain. Vomiting. Diarrhoea.
Chronic symptoms	: Affection/discolouration of the teeth.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general	: Not classified as dangerous for the environment according to the criteria of Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.
Ecology - air	: Not included in the list of substances which may contribute to the greenhouse effect (IPCC). Not included in the list of fluorinated greenhouse gases (Regulation (EU) No 517/2014). Not classified as dangerous for the ozone layer (Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009).
Ecology - water	: Not harmful to crustacea. Slightly harmful to fishes. Slightly harmful to algae. Not harmful to bacteria. pH shift.

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LC50 fish 1	440 - 760 mg/l (Equivalent or similar to OECD 203, 48 h, Leuciscus idus, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)
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12.2. Persistence and degradability

citric acid (77-92-9)

Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.42 g O ₂ /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	0.728 g O ₂ /g substance
ThOD	0.686 g O ₂ /g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.89 (20 day(s), Literature study)

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

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BCF other aquatic organisms 1	3.2 (Other, Calculated value)
Log Pow	-1.8 - -1.55 (Experimental value)
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.

12.4. Mobility in soil

citric acid (77-92-9)

Ecology - soil	No (test)data on mobility of the substance available.
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12.5. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Waste treatment methods	: Waste treatment methods.
Product/Packaging disposal recommendations	: Treat using the best available techniques before discharge into drains or the aquatic environment. Remove waste in accordance with local and/or national regulations. Hazardous waste shall not be mixed together with other waste. Different types of hazardous waste shall not be mixed together if this may entail a risk of pollution or create problems for the further management of the waste. Hazardous waste shall be managed responsibly. All entities that store, transport or handle hazardous waste shall take the necessary measures to prevent risks of pollution or damage to people or animals. Recycle/reuse. Remove to an authorized incinerator equipped with an afterburner and a flue gas scrubber with energy recovery. Dissolve or mix with a combustible solvent.
Additional information	: Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC, as amended by Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014 and Regulation (EU) No 2017/997.

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SECTION 14: Transport information

Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT

Other information : No supplementary information available.

Transportation of Dangerous Goods

Transport by sea

Not regulated

Air transport

Not regulated

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

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Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

citric acid (77-92-9)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

EU-Regulations

National regulations

No additional information available

15.3. US State regulations

SECTION 16: Other information

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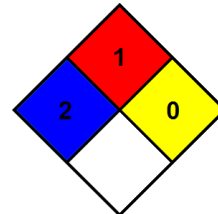
Full text of H-phrases:

H319	Causes serious eye irritation
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NFPA health hazard : 2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury.

NFPA fire hazard : 1 - Materials that must be preheated before ignition can occur.

NFPA reactivity : 0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire conditions.



SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.